Humble introduction

- Name: Sr T. N. WONG
- FRICS, FHKIS, FCInstCES, RISM, MNZIS
- Chairman, NZIS (HK Branch) 2016
- Chairman, HKIS Land Surveying Division 1992-1994
- President, HKIS 1997/98
- FIG, Vice President (2003-2006)

3D REALITY MODELING AND BIM APPLICATION FOR CIVIL ENGINEERING AND BUILDING CONSTRUCTION

Contents

- 1. Role of Professional Land Surveyor
- 2. Present scenario working from 2D Working Drawing and what are the shortfalls
- 3. BIM Levels
- 4. Actual case to share
- 5. Benefits of change

Role and Duty of Professional Land Surveyor

- 1. Responsible to Principal Resident Engineer (PRE)
- 2. Lead, manage and supervise a team of professional land surveyor and Resident RSSOE/RSOE (Engineering) in all aspects of :
 - a. Land
 - b. Engineering surveying;
 - c. GNSS;
 - d. ADMS;
 - e. Laser Scanning;
 - f. Hydrographic Surveying;
 - g. Geodetic Surveying;
 - h. Topographical Surveying; and
 - i. Photogrammetry.
- 3. Data capturing and data creation, quality data management and documentation.
- 4. Liaise with Contractors' survey managers
- 5. Communication, Coordination and co-operation with engineers and inspectors on all work fronts
- 6. Ensure quality of data and hence quality of the works
- 7. Delivery quality of services
- 8. Safety
- 9. Training of young graduates to be RSOE and professional qualification

BIM for construction



3D Information Model

Bridge Name: East Bridge Unit: Unit1 :: CIP Concrete Box Bridge

Materials Quantity Report

Superstructure Quantities									
Component Name	Component Type	Material Name	Material Type	Pay Unit	Unit Price	Quantity	Cost		
Deck3	Deck	None	Undefined	Cubic Meter	1.00	3616.93	3616.93		
Deck2	Deck	None	Undefined	Cubic Meter	1.00	2993.68	2993.6		
Deck1	Deck	None	Undefined	Cubic Meter	1.00	249.48	249.4		
Deck4	Deck	None	Undefined	Cubic Meter	1.00	249.48	249.4		
Deck5	Deck	None	Undefined	Cubic Meter	1.00	249.48	249.4		
Deck6	Deck	None	Undefined	Cubic Meter	1.00	2494.25	2494.2		
						Total	9853.2		

Component Name	Component Type	Material Name	Material Type	Pay Unit	Unit Price	Quantity	Cost
Abutment1	Stem Wall	None	Undefined	Cubic Meter	1.00	172.05	172.0
	Back Wall	None	Undefined	Cubic Meter	1.00	2.30	2.3
	Footing	None	Undefined	Cubic Meter	1.00	17.11	17.11
Pier21	Cap	None	Undefined	Cubic Meter	1.00	17.25	17.2
	Piles	None	Undefined	Meters	1.00	18.00	18.00
Pier22	Cap	None	Undefined	Cubic Meter	1.00	17.25	17.2
	Piles	None	Undefined	Meters	1.00	18.00	18.00
Pier23	Cap	None	Undefined	Cubic Meter	1.00	17.25	17.2
	Piles	None	Undefined	Meters	1.00	18.00	18.00
Pier24	Cap	None	Undefined	Cubic Meter	1.00	17.25	17.2
	Piles	None	Undefined	Meters	1.00	18.00	18.00
Pier25	Cap	None	Undefined	Cubic Meter	1.00	17.25	17.2
	Piles	None	Undefined	Meters	1.00	18.00	18.00
Pier26	Cap	None	Undefined	Cubic Meter	1.00	17.25	17.2
	Piles	None	Undefined	Meters	1.00	18.00	18.00
Pier27	Cao	None	Undefined	Cubic Meter	1.00	17.25	17.2

Quantity



Clashes





Present Situation From Design Stage to Construction Stage

Generating and managing

from

2D working drawings

to

3D setting out and construction data

Present Process

Before Concreting/construction:

- 1. Setting out by the Contractor
- 2. Setting out check by Resident Site Staff (Surveying)

After Concreting:

- 3. Join as-built record survey
- 4. Compared these as-built record survey data with design data to determine the quality of the work.
- 5. Report on the quality of workmanship and monitor mitigation works to meeting the standard.
- 6. Final as-built record survey in 3D
- 7. Final quantities and final account.

Shortfalls

- Difficult to check design faults due to lack of existing ground information
- 2. Hard to detect clashes
- 3. Not easy to visualise
- 4. Rework or abortive work if not detected before actual work being carried out
- So, We use "BIM" process to improve this.





Separate sources of information covering the basic assets information in paper documents

They are in CAD format as drawings, lines, arcs, text etc.



Separate sources of information covering the range of assets information in semistructured electronic documents in 2D or 3D





"BIM-enabled" Operations and Maintenance

PAS 1192-3:2014

Specification for information management for the operational phase of assets using building information modelling



bsi.

Relationship with other publications

This PAS builds on the existing code of practice for the collaborative production of architectural, engineering and construction information, defined within BS 1192:2007.

It is a companion document of, and refers heavily to PAS 1192-2:2013, Specification for information management for the capital/delivery phase of construction projects using building information modelling.

It also refers heavily to the BS ISO 55000 series, Asset management, PAS 55:2008, Asset management, and to existing facilities management standards BS 8210:2012 and BS 8587:2012. BS 8536:2010 and BS 8572:2011 have also been useful source documents in relation to facilities management.

"LEVEL 1" DESIGN

" "LEVEL 2" CONSTRUCTION

"LEVEL 3" OPERATIONS



Federated file-based electronic information with some automated connectivity (BIM).

This information include: Architectural, Structural, Fire, Building Services, Bridges and ...etc.



Integrated electronic Information with full automated connectivity and wed-based (iBIM)

Leading to Lifecycle Asset Management. <u>They are models, objects, collaboration integrate, interoperable data</u>

Parties Involved in Construction



Parties Involved in Construction



This can be a group/team of experts to plan and to coordinate/ implement the sequence/schedules of each stage of the construction

Functions of BIM Manager

- Information Coordination
- 3D Information Model
- Resolution of Technical Query (TQ)
- Constructable (3D)
- Construction Schedule (4D)
- Costing (5D)
- As-built (6D)
- Asset Lifecycle (7D)

Functions of BIM Manager

- Information Coordination
- 3D Information Model

Overview of 3D Information Model in CWB Project



3D Information Model of Mined Tunnel Underneath the Existing Cross Harbour Tunnel



Functions of BIM Manager

- Information Coordination
- 3D Information Model
- Resolution of Technical Query (TQ)

Technical Query (TQ) (Clash Finding)



Door clashes with Beam

Louver clashes with Beam

Technical Query (TQ) (Missing Information)





Missing Information detected Beams found not connected from 3D

Technical Query (TQ) (Missing Information)



Wall is found missing, no support to slab Advise to add the wall

Functions of BIM Manager

- Information Coordination
- 3D Information Model
- Resolution of Technical Query (TQ)
- Constructable (3D)

Constructable Model (Ventilation Building)



Constructable Model(Ventilation Building)



Constructable Model (Tunneling)



Constructable Model (Composite Structures)



Box Culvert



Retaining Wall



Base Slab



Tunnel Base



Tunnel Wall


Retaining Wall (Top of the Tunnel)



Road (On Top of the Tunnel)



Road (On Top of the Tunnel – Side View)



Constructable Model (Composite Structures)



Functions of BIM Manager

- Information Coordination
- 3D Information Model
- Resolution of Technical Query (TQ)
- Constructable (3D)
- Construction Schedule (4D)

Progress Presentation



Progress Presentation



As-Built Record Survey in 3D By Laser Scanning



As-Built Record Survey in 3D By Laser Scanning



Functions of BIM Manager

- Information Coordination
- 3D Information Model
- Resolution of Technical Query (TQ)
- Constructable (3D)
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- Asset Lifecycle (7D)





Example: Bridge Construction (Pier)



© http://www.rbdck.com/

Pile Cap and Column Construction

Centreline of Column



Example: Bridge Construction (Pier)



Crossheads



Cast-in-situ Beam

Construction of crosshead for new Island Eastern Corridor bridge



© Ney & Partners

• Type(s) of Materials



- Type(s) of Materials
 - Name & Size of Rebar
 - Class of Concrete
 - Class & Type of Rock at Founding Level
 - · Class & Type of Grouting
- Quantity of Material(s)
- Logistics:
 - Availability of Material(s)
 - Sourcing
 - Supplier(s)
 - Location of supplier(s)
 - Purchase Order (PO)
 - Timing of Material(s)
 - Shipping
 - Storage
 - Delay
- Timing of Construction



Way forward: Natural Reality Model to BIM Modeling

What is NEW and what we have been trying to do??

BIM Process by "Resident Land Surveyors"

- A. Data Acquisition (Capture Reality for Conceptual Design) in 3D
 - 1980 Datum
 - Google Map
 - Ground & Existing information(Nature & Man-made)
 - Environmental
- B. Detailed Design Stage (Virtual Model)
 - 1.2D Drawings
 - 2.3D Models
- C. BIM Model (Reality Model)
 - (A) + (B)
 - Constructable Model

From 1980 Datum, Existing Environment to BIM Model (From the WHOLE to the PARTS)

1. HK1980 Datum



2. Google Map



3. Natural Reality Model







6. BIM Model (Reality Model)



1. HK1980 Datum – Trig Points



HK1980 Datum – Traverse Points



2. Google Map



3. Natural Reality Model

Cute3D Viewer [F:\Smart3D\TK0\TK0_160728\Incoming\Project\WA2_F01\Scene\	
File Camera Display Tools Help	
	acute 3D viewer™
	WA2 FO

From Working Drawing to Conceptual Design



4. Conceptual Design

4. Conceptual Design

5. Detail Design

Alignment

5. Detail Design

6. BIM Model (Reality Model)

6. BIM Model (Reality Model)

Lam Tin Infrastructure Interchange Model



The benefits of BIM is not only limited to Design and Construction; but also Operation and Maintenance

Asset-Relationship Model : Bridge



Asset-Relationship Model : Pump



(Level 3 BIM) Asset Management



BIM Lifecycle (Ideal)

Blue Print (Development Plan)


Georeferenced 3D Reality

Blue Print



Blue Print Georeferenced 3D Reality









Construction

Blue Print Georeferenced Planning Conceptual Detail 3D Reality Planning Design Design



Blue Print Geo-Blue Print referenced Planning Conceptual Detail 3D Reality Planning Design Design Construction



THANK YOU